



CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS CITY OF TUCSON RESIDENTIAL PLAN REVIEW

An architect or an engineer usually prepares construction drawings for commercial projects; however, these services are also available to homeowners. Contractors may also be a useful resource when preparing construction drawings. Regardless of who prepares these documents, all drawings must be detailed, accurate, neat, and complete (no pencil).

The purpose of preparing and submitting a complete set of construction drawings:

- Help the homeowner to envision the entire project
- Assist in planning and estimating the cost and time for the project
- Prevent unpleasant surprises and last minute changes
- Provide all parties involved (homeowners, contractors, inspectors, plan reviewers, etc.) with clear instructions regarding layout, materials, and the expected finished product
- Expedite the plan review process
- Enable the Development Service Department to provide better service by identifying potential code problems and recommending solutions

Two copies of the construction drawings are required to obtain a building permit. This is a sample outline for small projects. Multiple different drawings may be required depending on the extent of the project. Refer to the Full Plan Submittal Checklist for additional requirements. Some of the drawings that may be required are discussed below.

SITE PLAN:

The site plan is a 'birds-eye' view of the entire property. If the work being done is an addition to an existing structure, shade the new area. Some of the details required on the site plan are listed below.

- □ Scale used
- ☐ Address and owner of property
- □ Compass rose and name of adjoining streets
- ☐ Location and dimension of the property lines, easements, and adjoining streets
- ☐ Dimension from property lines to all structures (existing and proposed)
- □ Dimensions between structures
- ☐ Square footage of all new and proposed structures including patios, carports, and garages
- □ Lot size and coverage
- □ Location of all utilities (gas, water, sewer/septic, electric) and respective meters or panels
- ☐ Define overhead, aboveground, or underground for utilities
- ☐ Building height for each side of proposed structure (north, south, east, west)
- ☐ Zoning of property and adjoining properties

FLOOR PLAN: A floor plan is a birds-eye view of the building with the roof removed. Depending on the specific project, the floor plan must show any part of the structure that will be affected by the project. For example, an existing room must be shown if a new room will be attached to it.

- Scale used (min. $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1')
- □ Neat, organized, and legible print (min. 12pt. font)
- □ Name and year of code used
- ☐ Size and use of every room
- ☐ Size and type of every door and window
- ☐ All plumbing fixtures, water heater, furnace, appliances, built-in cabinets, etc

FOUNDATION

- Size and depth of all footings
- □ Location of interior footings
- □ Thickness of slab
- ☐ Size and spacing of the reinforcing steel
- □ Soil bearing values

ROOF / FRAMING **ELEVATIONS** □ Size, spacing, and location of rafters, joists, Exterior view of each side trusses, and beams Height of roof line ☐ Size and type of all hardware ☐ Height of structure connecting/supporting such members Exterior covering □ Location of all bearing walls and supporting □ Size and operable portion of windows □ Roofing material Size and material of headers (or lintel for Roof pitch masonry const.) over all windows and doors Any architectural details associated with the □ Roofing material appearance ☐ The use of pre-manufactured trusses require U-value for windows engineer stamped drawings ELECTRICAL PLAN **DETAILS / CROSS SECTIONS:** A cross section Identify use of each room is a view of a structure that has been sliced □ Location of panels and disconnects vertically and separated, thus providing details of Location of all receptacles, lights, switches, how the building is constructed. This drawing is and smoke detectors with appropriate circuit required for any type of structure. numbers ☐ Cross references to the floor, foundation, or Electrical panel schedule framing plan to which the detail applies **Load Calculations** Size and depth of underground footings □ Service riser diagram ☐ Reinforcing steel in concrete or masonry ☐ Relative exterior grade level PLUMBING PLAN Thickness of slab w/min. height above grade Location of all new and existing fixtures Size and type of materials Wood framing: Size and location of all drains, vents, and Material used ☐ Size and spacing of wall material clean-outs ☐ Size and spacing of anchor bolts Location of temperature and pressure relief □ Specific hardware used at all connections ☐ Size and type of sheathing/exterior Location and method of tie-in to existing lines covering Location of any gas lines □ Location and size of water and gas meters ■ Masonry: ☐ Size and type of material □ Location of shut-off valves □ All reinforcing steel Resident water pressure □ Location of bond beams Total developed length of water and gas lines ☐ Size and spacing of ledger bolts and or Fixture unit calculations Waste and gas isometrics ☐ Size and spacing of top plate anchor bolts Diameter and length of each gas line branch ☐ Interior furr-out walls Demand for each gas appliance □ Specify interior covering

MECHANICAL PLAN

- ☐ Size, type, and location of all mechanical equipment
- Access and working space for mechanical units
- ☐ Size, type, and location of ducts and registers
- ☐ Size and location of return air ducts and registers
- ☐ Size and location of combustion air inlets
- □ Size, location, and material of condensate lines

□ Specific hardware at all rafter/joist

☐ Size, spacing, and type of all rafters/joists

connections

□ Pitch of roof□ Roofing material

☐ Length of overhang/eave

☐ Insulation (R-values)